

# Renaud GUIGNARD

# Healthcare management research

As a medical expert, I started a PhD in Management Sciences at IMT Atlantique to understand the socio-organisational determinants involved in the diffusion of innovative technologies.



renaud.guignard@gmail.com



Mon profil LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/in/renaud-guignard-56389311/



# PHASE 2 Skill development

- Takes a critical look at his skills and experience and regularly fine-tunes his career goals.
- Knows how to develop new skills to keep step with changing knowledge and needs.
- Relies on advice from competent professionals (coaching) or experienced staff and takes their opinions into account; uses his networks to manage his career.
- Is able to evolve gradually from technical expertise to managerial expertise.
- Helps his staff develop their skills and networks and assists them in achieving career development goals.

#### PHASE 2 Evaluation

- Knows how to regularly evaluate the progress, impact and outcomes of his staff's activities.
- Takes part in evaluating both internal and external projects.
- Is able to evaluate hypotheses and concepts lying beyond his field of expertise.
- Encourages his staff to take ownership of the evaluation process.

#### PHASE 3 Information management

- Collects information for purposes of business intelligence.
- Develops new information management techniques.
- Keeps track of current developments in the design, use, collection, analysis and preservation of information and/or raw data.

# PHASE 2 Expertise and methods

- Is familiar with recent progress in fields related to his own.
- Is able to engage in dialogue and collaboration with experts in other disciplines or fields of activity.
- Takes ownership of new research methods and techniques.
- Is able to document and evaluate his activities using statistical methods where applicable.
- Can formulate complex problems that correspond to new challenges.
- Is able to develop arguments in support of new projects.
- Knows how to adapt his arguments to his audience.
- Advises and assists his staff in making appropriate use of investigative methods, improving their performance and enhancing their skills.



#### **PHASE 3** Communication

- Is asked to provide input on key questions in his area of expertise.
- Chooses content, register and channels of communication appropriate for the circumstance or to serve his strategy.
- Uses national and/or international media.
- Can manage and negotiate complex matters English and at least one other world.
- Initiates and promotes actions to disseminate knowledge.

#### PHASE 3 Collaboration

- Can identify and mobilize various networks.
- Sets up cooperations with a range of external organizations, at both national and international levels.

#### PHASE 3 Analysis, synthesis and critical thinking

- Takes a pioneering approach.
- Knows how to defend a novel way of thinking to his staff and his peers.

# PHASE 3 Open-mindedness and creativity

- Extends his curiosity to fields apparently very remote from his own and draws from them substance to apply to his own field;
- Knows how to take calculated risks by questioning existing knowledge and methods.
- Encourages creativity in his peers and his staff.
- Knows how to create a mindset conducive to creativity and innovation.
- Deploys tools and methods that promote collective creativity.
- Develops cultural diversity and intercultural dialogue within his teams.

# PHASE 3 Commitment

- Has the ability to express a vision and enlist support, even during periods of adversity.
- Capitalizes on the enthusiasm and perseverance of the people he directs.

# PHASE 2 Integrity

- Builds staff awareness of the need for responsible conduct of research.
- Advises his peers and staff concerning matters of respect, confidentiality, anonymity and intellectual property.

# PHASE 3 Balance

- Helps to shape policies on work-life balance.
- Is able to enhance the image and reputation of his entity and his staff.

# **PHASE 2** Listening and empathy

- Knows how to engage in active listening in various situations.
- Is careful to take his contacts' needs and frame of reference into account.
- Expresses gratitude regularly.
- Takes the needs of his staff into consideration, is sensitive to signs of stress and able to provide support and advice when needed.

# **PHASE 1** Negotiation

- Is able to detect people's unstated needs based on the requests they formulate.
- Knows how to reconcile the drivers, requirements and constraints of his contacts to reach a consensus, and is able to gather all the information needed to do so.



# Business management and value creation

#### PHASE 3 Project management

- Takes the general environment of projects into account and is able to take a long-term view.
- Develops complex, high-impact projects.
- Allocates resources strategically among different projects.
- Is able to synchronize tasks among inter-dependent projects.
- Manages his time strategically as his level of responsibility increases, particularly through careful
  use of delegation.
- Takes ownership of difficult or unpopular decisions and explains them with clarity and rigor; knows when it is time to abort a project.

# PHASE 3 Managing change

- Knows how to give meaning and perspective.
- Knows how to manage the key stages of change and grief.
- Promotes and encourages change, contributes to organizational change initiatives.

#### PHASE 2 Managing risks

- Analyzes and identifies the risks created by an activity.
- Educates and trains staff and partners in the implementation of appropriate risk management procedures.
- Takes social and environmental imperatives into account in the projects he manages.
- Educates and trains his staff in the imperatives of social and environmental responsibility.

#### **PHASE 3** Decision-making

- Is able to instigate and control major change.
- Knows how to make decisions in an unstable and uncertain environment taking all technical, financial, human, organizational, political and other factors into account.

#### PHASE 2 People management

- As a manager, makes appropriate use of the full spectrum of HR policies and management tools with regard to his teams (recruitment, promotion, evaluation, safety rules, principles of nondiscrimination and diversity, etc.).
- Puts together and directs a team, taking advantage of the strengths and skills of each member.
- Has the ability to set objectives for his staff and evaluate their attainment.
- Knows how to delegate and monitor.
- Supports his staff; encourages them to become more autonomous and recognizes their

- commitment and results.
- Ensures the collective success of projects.
- Detects and nurtures the talents of his staff and supports to their professional development.
- Knows how to deal with conflicts.
- Involves his staff in decision-making.
- Has his own management style.
- Is able to define guidelines for safety and social responsibility.
- Accepts responsibilities beyond his defined scope for the good of the organization as a whole.



# Strategy and Leadership

# PHASE 2 Strategy

- Observes his environment; recognizes discontinuities and micro-trends; detects weak signals.
- Develops his own approach and shapes his understanding of the topic.
- Encourages brainstorming and draws conclusions relevant to his area of activity.
- Regularly produces documents of a forward-looking and strategic nature.
- Makes sure that his activities contribute to the company's strategy and attainment of its objectives, and to the enrichment of his organization or sector of activity.
- Is familiar with various innovation strategies.
- Ensures that his staff is aware of and understands their environment and the importance of strategy.

# PHASE 2 Leadership

- Recognizes the need for and merits of collective effort; knows how to motivate and drive the entity he manages.
- Is familiar with various leadership styles and adapts them to the specific project and the people on the team.
- Is known within the company as a leader with the potential to promote ideas and initiatives and contribute effectively to their implementation.
- Is able to impose his leadership in a competitive context.
- Coordinates and mobilizes networks.
- Encourages his staff to build a climate of trust.
- Grooms his staff for future leadership roles.



www.mydocpro.org







Founders :