

Aleena Joseph

Research and development

aleenajoseph061@gmail.com



PHASE 2 Skill development

- Takes a critical look at his skills and experience and regularly fine-tunes his career goals.
- Knows how to develop new skills to keep step with changing knowledge and needs.
- Relies on advice from competent professionals (coaching) or experienced staff and takes their opinions into account; uses his networks to manage his career.
- Is able to evolve gradually from technical expertise to managerial expertise.
- Helps his staff develop their skills and networks and assists them in achieving career development goals.

PHASE 2 Evaluation

- Knows how to regularly evaluate the progress, impact and outcomes of his staff's activities.
- Takes part in evaluating both internal and external projects.
- Is able to evaluate hypotheses and concepts lying beyond his field of expertise.
- Encourages his staff to take ownership of the evaluation process.

PHASE 3 Information management

- Collects information for purposes of business intelligence.
- Develops new information management techniques.
- Keeps track of current developments in the design, use, collection, analysis and preservation of information and/or raw data.

PHASE 2 Expertise and methods

- Is familiar with recent progress in fields related to his own.
- Is able to engage in dialogue and collaboration with experts in other disciplines or fields of activity.
- Takes ownership of new research methods and techniques.
- Is able to document and evaluate his activities using statistical methods where applicable.
- Can formulate complex problems that correspond to new challenges.
- Is able to develop arguments in support of new projects.
- Knows how to adapt his arguments to his audience.
- Advises and assists his staff in making appropriate use of investigative methods, improving their performance and enhancing their skills.



Personal and relational qualities

- Adapts his register to communicate with experts in other fields at both the national and international levels.
- Masters communication techniques for various contexts and media.
- Communicates effectively when addressing a diverse and lay audience.
- Knows how to address a community of professionals.
- Educates and trains his staff in the use of digital communication technologies.
- Is able to work and lead a group in at least English and one other world language.

PHASE 2 Collaboration

- Collaborates with people/teams who play a pivotal role on the global scale.
- Leads networks and helps to institute dialogue between different entities.
- Knows how to establish partnership relations with people working outside his field.
- Has the ability to co-produce results and/or innovations.

PHASE 2 Analysis, synthesis and critical thinking

- Knows how to apply his analyzing and synthesizing abilities to new fields.
- Takes ownership of new analytical methods.
- Has a novel and independent way of thinking and makes significant contributions.
- Questions "business-as-usual" scenarios in his activity.
- Advises his staff to help them develop their own capacities of analysis and synthesis.
- Stimulates critical thinking among his peers and his staff.

PHASE 2 Open-mindedness and creativity

- Explores related fields.
- Conceives new projects to find answers to essential questions.
- Encourages his staff to seek challenge, be curious and engage in scientific questioning.
- Defines and carries out innovative interdisciplinary projects with the help of contributors from various backgrounds.
- Serves as a vector of innovation, a realistic visionary, a constructive agitator.
- Encourages creativity and innovation among his staff.
- Has acquired professional experience abroad in a culture other than his own.

PHASE 2 Commitment

- Can picture himself in other contexts; applies his commitment and motivation to other activities and fields of expertise.
- Perseveres in his undertakings and projects; paves the way for other staff and supports them.
- Inspires the enthusiasm and commitment of his staff.

PHASE 3 Integrity

- Creates a culture of respect and ethical behavior within his entity.
- Takes immediate measures if he observes unethical conduct.
- Contributes to changing policies, procedures and practices relating to integrity.

PHASE 2 Balance

- Knows how to deal with strong opposition.
- Draws on his strengths and transcends his weaknesses.
- Knows how to cope with pressure generated by his career or his personal life.
- Is able to keep his work and home environments separate.

PHASE 2 Listening and empathy

- Knows how to engage in active listening in various situations.
- Is careful to take his contacts' needs and frame of reference into account.
- Expresses gratitude regularly.
- Takes the needs of his staff into consideration, is sensitive to signs of stress and able to provide support and advice when needed.

PHASE 2 Negotiation

- Is familiar with negotiating techniques.
- Knows how to come up with win-win solutions.
- Is able to negotiate in order to obtain the resources needed for projects.



Business management and value creation

PHASE 2 Project management

- Is attentive to discontinuities, trends and weak signals; is prepared for the unexpected; identifies unforeseen opportunities in the project.
- Recognizes good ideas and best practices, identifies weaknesses and gaps.
- Considers and implements any necessary changes in objectives, organization, schedule, resources and quality requirements.
- Knows how to drive his staff in compliance with scheduling and time constraints.
- Utilizes a wide range of project management strategies; clarifies priorities and formalizes expectations.
- Introduces quality systems.
- Guides difficult, complex projects to successful completion; manages several projects simultaneously and efficiently; can intervene to conduct project audits and propose action plans to get projects back on track.
- Provides support or assistance to his staff; takes over on projects that lack leadership.

PHASE 2 Managing risks

- Analyzes and identifies the risks created by an activity.
- Educates and trains staff and partners in the implementation of appropriate risk management procedures.
- Takes social and environmental imperatives into account in the projects he manages.
- Educates and trains his staff in the imperatives of social and environmental responsibility.

PHASE 2 Decision-making

- Realizes that no one solution is perfect; can reconcile the imperatives of the market with the quest for technical optimization.
- Is able to make choices and assume the consequences of his decisions; has the ability to reconsider decisions when needed.



PHASE 2 Strategy

- Observes his environment; recognizes discontinuities and micro-trends; detects weak signals.
- Develops his own approach and shapes his understanding of the topic.
- Encourages brainstorming and draws conclusions relevant to his area of activity.

- Regularly produces documents of a forward-looking and strategic nature.
- Makes sure that his activities contribute to the company's strategy and attainment of its objectives, and to the enrichment of his organization or sector of activity.
- Is familiar with various innovation strategies.
- Ensures that his staff is aware of and understands their environment and the importance of strategy.

PHASE 1 Leadership

- Exercises leadership in connection with a project of which he is in charge.
- Knows how to be persuasive and enlist support for a project
- .Mobilizes skills for a project of which he is not in charge; manages human resources even when people do not officially report to him.
- Builds alliances.
- Establishes relationships based on trust.



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